

# **SPECIFICATION**



Device Name	
Part No.	
Customer	
Date	

Customer Confirm	Approved by	Checked by	Issued by



(SMD : 2012)

Part No.	WR148UG/W		
Emitted Color	Chip Material Lens Color		
Ultra Super Blue	InGaN/GaN	Water Clear	

#### 1. Features

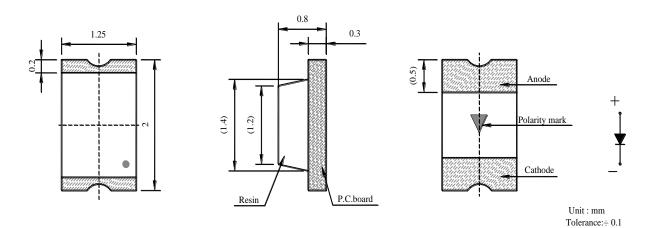
Compatible with automatic placement equipment Compatible with reflow solder process This product doesn't contain restriction Substance, comply RoHS standard.

#### 2. Applications

Automotive and Telecommunication Flat backlight for LCD, switch and symbol in telephone and facsimile

General use for indicators

#### **3.** Package Dimensions



Note :

- 1. unit : mm (Tolerance is ±0.25mm unless otherwise noted)
- 2. Electrodes: Ag Plating Copper Alloy
- 3. Encapsulating Resin: Silicon Resin
- 4. Package : Heat-Resistant Polymer



## 4. Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta = 25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	Pd	100	mW
Pulse Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @ 1kHz)	IFP	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current	IF	25	mA
Reverse Voltage	Vr	5	V
Operation Temperature	Topr	$-30 \sim 85$	$^{\circ}\!$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	$-40 \sim 100$	$^{\circ}\!$
Soldering Temperature	$T_{sol}$	260±5	°C

Note :

- 1. Soldering Time ≤5 seconds
- 2. Tsol condition : 3mm for the base of the epoxy bulb.

#### 5. Electron-Optical Characteristics (Ta = 25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	250		620	mcd	$I_F = 15 \text{ mA}$
Forward Voltage	VF	2.9		3.5	V	$I_F = 15 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Current	Ir			10	μΑ	$V_R = 5V$
Dominant Wavelength	$\lambda$ d	516		524	nm	$I_F = 15 \text{ mA}$
Peak Emission Wavelength	$\lambda_{ extsf{p}}$				nm	$I_F = 15 \text{ mA}$
Spectral Line Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm	I <sub>F</sub> = 15 mA
Viewing Angle	201/2		120		deg	I <sub>F</sub> = 15 mA

Notes :

1.Tolerance of Luminous Intensity ±10%

2.Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength ±2nm

3. Tolerance of Forward voltage ±0.05V

4. Luminous Intensity is measured by WENRUN's equipment on bare chips



## 6. BIN Range

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1) Luminous Intensity (tolerance is ±10% @ IF =20 mA)
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BIN Code	Min. (mcd)	Max. (mcd)
R	250	320
S	320	400
Т	400	500
U	500	620

2) Dominant Wavelength (tolerance is ±2 nm @ I<sub>F</sub> =20 mA)

BIN Code	Min. (nm)	Max. (nm)
Ν	516	518
Р	518	520
Q	520	522
R	522	524

3) Forward Voltage (tolerance is ±0.05V @ I<sub>F</sub> =20 mA)

BIN Code	Min. (V)	Max. (V)
S	2.9	3.0
Т	3.0	3.1
U	3.1	3.2
V	3.2	3.3
W	3.3	3.4
Х	3.4	3.5



# 7. Reliability

## 1) Test Items and Conditions

No.	Test Item	Test Conditions	Sample	Ac/Re
1.	Temperature Cycle	$-40 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathbb{C} \rightarrow 25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathbb{C} \rightarrow 85 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathbb{C} \rightarrow 25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathbb{C}$ (30min, 5min, 30min, 5min) 20 Cycles	20	0/1
2.	High Temperature Storage	Ta : 100 ±5 ℃ Test time = 1,000 hrs. (-24 hrs., +72 hrs.)	20	0/1
3.	High Temperature & High Humidity Working	Ta : 85±5°C, RH : 85±5%, I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA/seg. Test time = 500 hrs. (-24 hrs., +72 hrs.)	20	0/1
4.	Low Temperature Storage	Ta : -40±5℃ Test time = 1,000 hrs. (-24 hrs., +72 hrs.)	20	0/1
5.	Operating Life Test	Connect with a power I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA/seg. Ta = $25 \pm 5$ °C Test time = 1,000 hrs. (-24 hrs., +72 hrs.)	20	0/1
6.	Solder Resistance	T.sol = $260 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C one time Dwell Time = $5 \pm 1$ sec., distance 3mm	20	0/1
7.	Thermal Shock	$-40 \pm 5$ °C → $85 \pm 5$ °C (15min, 15min) 20Cycles	20	0/1

# 2) Criteria of judging the damage

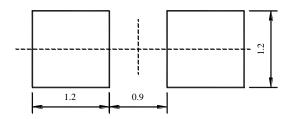
Item	Symbol	Test condition	Criteria for judgement		
nem		Test condition	Min.	Max.	
Forward voltage	VF	$I_F = 10 mA/Seg.$	/	U.S.L*1.1	
Reverse current	IR	VR=5V	/	15uA	
Luminous intensity	IV	$I_F = 10 \text{mA/Seg}.$	L.S.L*0.7	/	
Wave length	$\lambda D / \lambda P$	$I_F = 10 \text{mA/Seg}.$	/	U.S.L±2nm	
Appearance	/	View check	No mechanical damage		

\* U.S.L: Upper standard level

L.S.L: Lower standard level

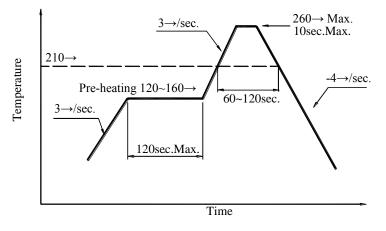


## 8. Soldering Pad Dimensions



## 9. Soldering Conditions (Maximum allowable soldering conditions)

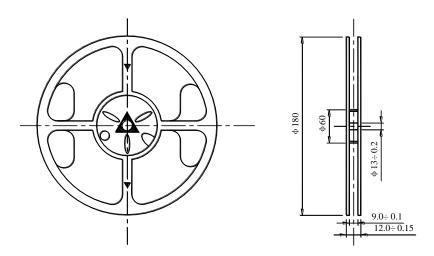
Reflow soldering profile <Pb-free solder>

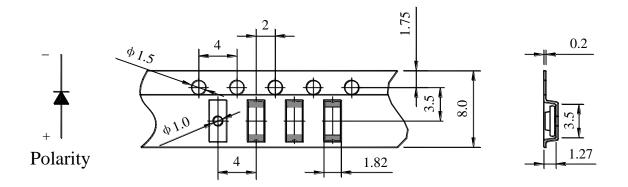


- 1. Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 2. Do not stress its resin while soldering.
- 3. After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.
- 4. Pay attention to electrostatic(ESD).

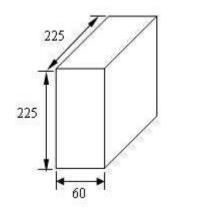


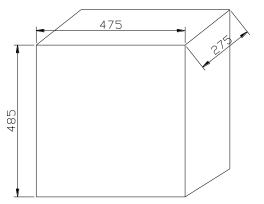
# 10. Package Tape Specification (1,000 or 3,000 pcs/Reel)





Reel Lead Min.60mm No LEDs



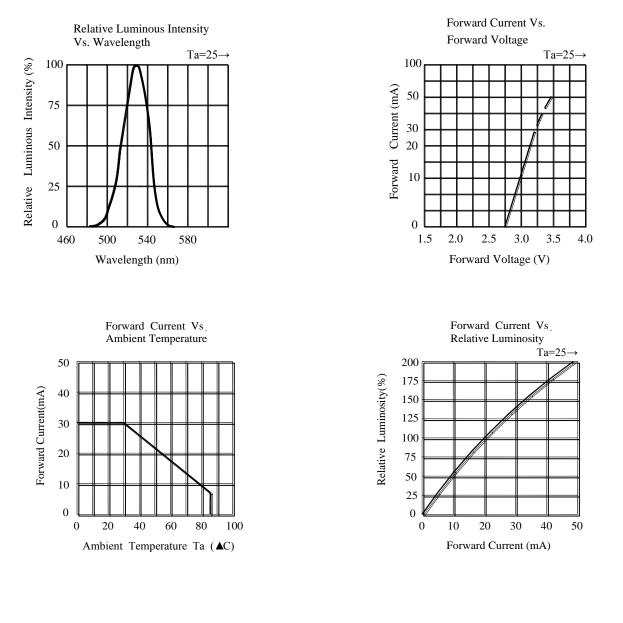


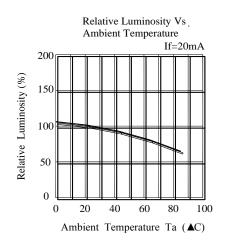
5 Reels in one Box

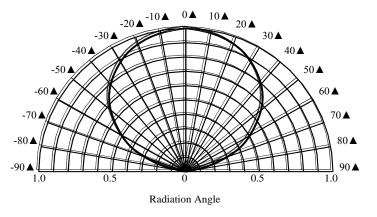
16 Boxes in one Carton



## 11. Typical Characteristic









#### **12. Storage and application notices**

- 1. Storage
- 1-1. Calculated shelf life in sealed bag : 12 months at  $<30^{\circ}$ C and <90% relative humidity (RH)
- 1-2. TOP LED : After bag is opened, devices that will be subjected to reflow solder or other high temperature process must be :

Mounted within : 168 hours of factory conditions  $\leq$  30  $^{\circ}$ C/60 $^{\circ}$  RH, or Stored at ambient of < 20 $^{\circ}$  RH

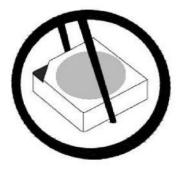
1-3. CHIP LED: After bag is opened, devices that will be subjected to reflow solder or other high temperature process must be :

Mounted within : 168 hours of factory conditions  $\leq$  30  $^{\circ}$ C/60 $^{\circ}$  RH, or Stored at ambient of  $\leq$  20 $^{\circ}$  RH

- 1-4. Device require bake, before mounting, if :
- a) Humidity indicator Card reads > 10% when read at 25±5  $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$
- b) Above conditions are not met

Baking condition : 24 hours at 60±3  $^\circ\!\!C$  and < 5% RH

- 1-5. The internal and esterand boxes can not be contacted with ground to prevent absorption of moisture.
- 1-6. No acid, alkali, salt, corrosive and explosive gas; away from sunlight and keep the environment clean
- 2. Applications
  - 2-1. Do not use any unknown chemical liquid to clean LED, it will damage the LED resin surface; use the alcohol under the room temperature if necessary but less than 1 min. or use the ultrasonic cleaning with proper characters, such as correct power, frequency, etc.
  - 2-2. Do not touch the epoxy resin area when carrying LEDs by tweezers (as the following pictures), especially after the soldering process, the epoxy resin will turn to soft, the internal instruction will be damaged by the tweezers which cause the electric character's failure, nozzle is recommended by using SMT mounting.



Correct



Incorrect



2-3. Soldering iron : double-side soldering iron with power of less than 25W,

Soldering temperature : less than  $300^{\circ}$ C,

Soldering time : less than 3sec. 1 time completed is recommended, if the 2<sup>nd</sup> soldering process is requested, 3mins must be left to ensure the high temperature status can return to room temperature.

- REFLOW soldering : set and test the temperature of the different area of REFLOW equipment in advance
- 2) To set the peak temperature according to different SMDs, but the actual peak temperature should be less than 260 ℃, processing time should be less than 10sec, only 1 time is allowed.
- 2-4. SMDs should be soldered at the coordinated position on the PCB.
- 2-5. Note of Electrical matter :
  - 1) One-way conduction, LED does not allow the reverse driving;
  - LED is a kind of constant current component which can not be lighted by the constant voltage mode; a smaller voltage fluctuation can cause the large current fluctuation which causes the failure of LED

Each LED should be drove under constant current mode if in a parallel circuit design, otherwise, the colour and brightness will be non-uniform. When the environmental temperature rising, the LED junction temperature will rise, internal resistance will decrease, so the current will be increased by the constant voltage power which short the life span.

- 3) If the brightness of lighting source can meet the requirement, we recommend using the driving current less than the rated current, in order to improve the product's reliability.
- 2-6. LED is a kind of electrostatic sensitive devises, anti-static measures have to be processed during storage and operation :
  - 1) LED production workshop should lay anti-static floor and ground connection, the work table have to use the anti-static materials and cover a table mater with the surface resistance of  $10^{6}$ - $10^{9}\Omega$
  - 2) Production machine : REFLOW, SMT equipment, electric iron, test equipment, all the equipments must be well grounded, and the grounding alternating current impedance should be less than  $1.0\Omega$ . A fan need to be installed on the equipments and production processes that easy to generate static electricity; the operators must wear anti-static clothing, shoes, wristband, and gloves, etc. in the process.
  - 3) LEDs must be contained in the anti-static box, and all the package material should be the



anti-static materials.

2-7. The details electronic characters can refer to our product specification.

#### 11. Notes

- 1. Above specification may be changed without notice. We will reserve authority on material change for above specification.
- 2. When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for the specification sheets. We assume no responsibility for any damage resulting from use of the product which does not comply with the instructions included in the specification sheets.