

#### **Customer:**

# Technical Data Sheet

(TOP LED)





Part No.	WR1210UG/W			
Emitted Color	Chip Material	Lens Color		
Ultra Super Green	InGaN/GaN	Water Clear		

#### **Contents**

- 1. Features
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- 3. Package Dimensions
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Customer Confirm	Approved by	Checked by	Issued by



#### **Features:**

Compatible with automatic placement equipment

Compatible with reflow solder process

Low power consumption and wide viewing angle

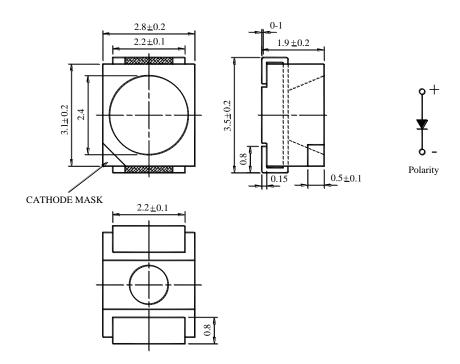
This product doesn't contain restriction Substance, comply RoHS standard

#### **Applications:**

Automotive and Telecommunication

General use for indicators

#### **Package Dimensions:**



Note:

Unit: mm (Toleranc: ±0.2mm unless otherwise noted)

1. Electrodes: Ag Plating Copper Alloy

2. Encapsulating Resin: Silicon Resin

3. Package: Heat-Resistant Polymer



### Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta = $25 \, ^{\circ}$ C)

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	PD	120	mW
Pulse Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @ 1kHz)	$\mathbf{I}_{FP}$	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current	IF	30	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Operation Temperature	Topr	-40~85	${\mathbb C}$
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40~100	$^{\circ}$ C

### Electron-Optical Characteristics (Ta = 25 ℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	$I_{\rm V}$	620		1,300	mcd	I <sub>F</sub> =20 mA
Forward Voltage	VF	2.9		3.5	V	I <sub>F</sub> =20 mA
Reverse Current	IR			10	μΑ	V <sub>R</sub> =5V
Dominant Wavelength	$\lambda_{ ext{d}}$	516		526	nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20 mA
Spectral Line Half Width	Δλ		30		nm	I <sub>F</sub> =20 mA
Viewing Angle	201/2		120		deg	I <sub>F</sub> =20 mA

#### Notes:

- 1.Tolerance of Luminous Intensity ±10%
- 2.Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength ±2nm
- 3. Tolerance of Forward voltage  $\pm 0.05 V$
- 4. Luminous Intensity is measured by WENRUN's equipment on bare chips



### **BIN Range**

# 1) Luminous Intensity (tolerance is $\pm 10\%$ @ I<sub>F</sub> =20 mA)

BIN Code	Min. (mcd)	Max. (mcd)
V	620	750
W	750	900
X	900	1,100
Y	1,100	1,300

# 2) Dominant Wavelength (tolerance is $\pm 2$ nm @ I<sub>F</sub> = 20 mA)

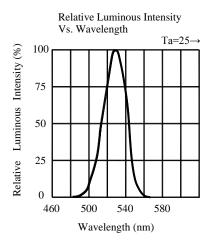
BIN Code	Min. (nm)	Max. (nm)
N	516	518
P	518	520
Q	520	522
R	522	524
S	524	526

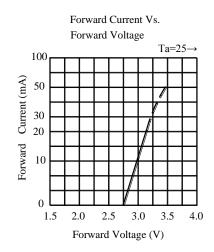
### 3) Forward Voltage (tolerance is $\pm 0.05$ V @ $I_F$ =20 mA)

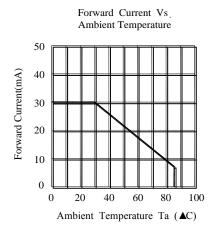
BIN Code	Min. (nm)	Max. (nm)
S	2.9	3.0
T	3.0	3.1
U	3.1	3.2
V	3.2	3.3
W	3.3	3.4
X	3.4	3.5

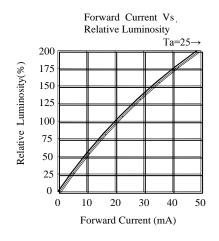


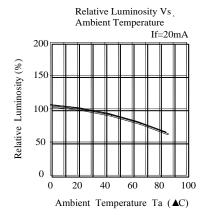
### **Typical Characteristic Curves:**

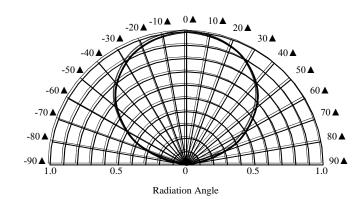






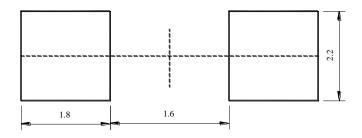








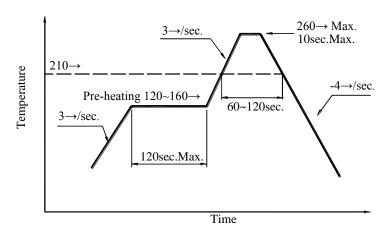
### **Soldering Pad Dimensions**



### Soldering Conditions (Maximum allowable soldering conditions)

Reflow soldering profile

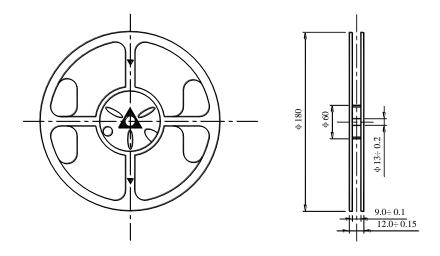
<Pb-free solder>

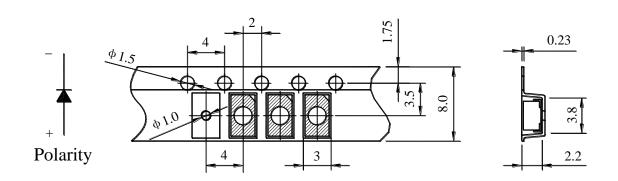


- 1. Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 2. Do not stress its resin while soldering.
- 3. After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

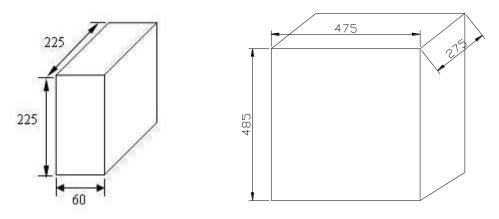


### Package Tape Specification (1,000 ~ 2,000 pcs/Reel)





Reel Lead Min.60mm No LEDs



5 Reels in one Box

10 Boxes in one Carton



# Reliability

### 1) Test Items and Conditions

Test Item	Test Conditions	Sample	Ac/Re
т	-40±5 °C →25±5 °C →100±5 °C →25±5 °C	20	0/1
Temperature Cycle	(30min, 5min, 30min, 5min) 100 Cycles		
II: -b T Cl	Ta:100±5℃	20	0/1
High Temperature Storage	Test time=1000HRS(-24HRS,+72HRS)		
High Temperature And High	Ta:85±5℃, RH:85±5%, IF=15mA	20	0.11
Humidity Working	Test time=500HRS(-24HRS,+72HRS)	20	0/1
I T C	Ta:-40±5℃		0./1
Low Temperature Storage	Test time=1000HRS(-24HRS,+72HRS)	20	0/1
	Connect with a power IF=15mA		
Operating Life Test	Ta=Under room temperature	20	0/1
	Test time=1000HRS(-24HRS,+72HRS)		
Thermal Shock	-40±5°C→100±5°C		0/1
Thermal Snock	(15min, 15min) 100 Cycles	20	0/1
	180  2  100  3  3  120  4  160  5  5  170  6  235  5		
IR-Reflow Pb-Free Process	⑦270℃ <b>8255℃</b> ,	20	0/1
	60cm/min, 2 times		

# 2) Criteria of judging the damage

Item	Symbol	Test condition	Criteria for judgement		
		rest condition	Min.	Max.	
Forward voltage	VF	IF=20 mA	/	U.S.L*1.1	
Reverse current	IR	VR=5V	/	15uA	
Luminous intensity	IV	IF=20 mA	L.S.L*0.7	/	
Wave length	λD/λΡ	IF=20 mA	/	U.S.L±2nm	
Appearance	/	View check	No mechanical damage		

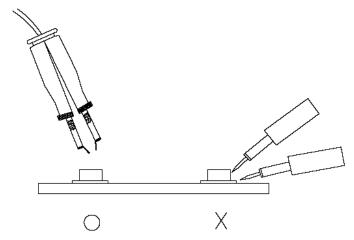
<sup>\*</sup> U.S.L: Upper standard level

L.S.L: Lower standard level



#### **Cautions**

- 1. Package: When moisture is absorbed into the package it may vaporize and expand during soldering. There is a possibility that this can cause exfoliation of the contacts and damage to the optical characteristics of the LEDs. So the moisture proof package is used to keep moisture to a minimum in the package.
- 2. Storage : Before opening the package: The LEDs should be kept at  $5\sim30^{\circ}\text{C}$  and 60%RH or less. The LEDs should be used within a year. After opening the package: The LED must be used within 24 hours, else should be kept at  $5\sim30^{\circ}\text{C}$  and 30% RH or less. The LEDs should be used within 7days after opening the package. If unused LEDs remain, they should be stored in moisture proof packages, recommended to return the LEDs to the original moisture proof bag and to reseal the moisture proof bag again. If the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed more than 24 hours at  $60\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- 3. Soldering Iron: Each terminal is to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than  $300^{\circ}$ C for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25 W.Leave two seconds and more internals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.
- 4. Repairing: Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.



- 5. The LED electrode sections are comprised of a gold plated. The gold surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive gases and so on. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LED to corrode or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the User use the LEDs as soon as possible.
- 6. Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.
- 7. Static Electricity
- 1) These products are sensitive to static electricity charge, and users are required to handle with care. Particularly, if a current and or voltage which exceeds the Absolute Maximum Rating of Products is



applied, the overflow in energy may cause damage to, or possibly result in electrical destruction of, the Products. The customer is requested to take adequate countermeasures against static electricity charge and surge when handling Products.

- 2) Proper grounding of Products , use of conductive mat, conductive working uniform and shoes, and conductive containers are effective against static electricity and surge.
- 3) Ground low-resistance areas where the product contacts, such as metal surfaces of the work platform, with a conductive mat (surface resistance  $10^6$ - $10^8\,\Omega$ ).
- 4) A tip of soldering iron is requested to be grounded. An ionizer should also be installed where risk of static generation is high.

#### Notes:

- 1. Above specification may be changed without notice. We will reserve authority on material change for above specification.
- 2. When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for the specification sheets. We assume no responsibility for any damage resulting from use of the product which does not comply with the instructions included in the specification sheets.