# FCT300AB15CY

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# Main characteristics:

- Nominal current measurement: from ±300A DC, AC
- Excellent linearity: 15 ppm
- High resolution
- Very low offset drift
- Overall accuracy at I<sub>PN</sub> @ +25°C: ≤±0.01 %
- Wide frequency bandwidth up to 200 kHz (- 3 dB)
- ROHS Compliant

### **Features:**

- DC, AC pulse currents' measurements with galvanic isolation
- Nano Crystal Fluxgate technology
- Electrostatic shield between primary and secondary circuit
- Bipolar Power supply ±15 Volt
- Operating temperature range from -40 to +85°C
- Wire Connector Type
- Current output

# **Standard compliance:**

- Typical applications:
- Feedback element in precision current regulated devices (power supplies...)
- Precise and high stability inverters
- Medical equipment
- Energy measurement
- Power analyzers

### Remarks:

- Current overload capability
- Additional output indicating the transducer state

# **Specification**

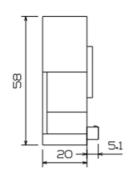
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Nominal primary current (I <sub>PN</sub> )	±300A	A r.m.s.
Measuring range @ ±15V (±5%)	±350A	A peak
Max. measuring resistance @ I <sub>P</sub> max & ±15V (±5%)	20	Ω
Min. measuring resistance @ I <sub>PN</sub> & ±15V (±5%)	0.1	Ω
Turn number	2000	Turn
Secondary current at I <sub>PN</sub>	300/2000	Α
Accuracy at I <sub>PN</sub> @ +25°C	≤±0.01	%
Linearity	≤±0.005	%
Thermal drift coefficient @ -40 ~ +85°C	≤0.5	uA/°C
Bandwidth @ -3dB	≤200	kHz
Max. no-load consumption current @ ±15V (±5%)	≤30	mA
Secondary resistance @ +85°C	≤20	Ω
Dielectric strength Primary/Secondary @ 50Hz, 1min	3	kV
Supply voltage @ ±20%	±15V	V dc
Voltage drop	≤1	V
Mass	0.739	kg
Operating temperature	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage temperature	-45 ~ +125	°C

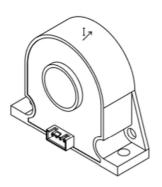
# **General data**

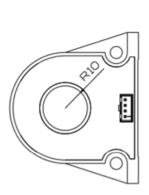
- Plastic case and insulating resin are self-extinguishing.
- Fixing holes in the case molding for two positions at right angles
- ullet Direction of the current: A primary current flowing in the direction of the arrow results in a positive secondary output current from terminal  $C_{OUT}$ .

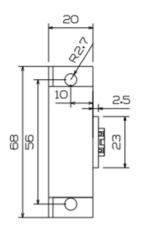
# **Dimensions**

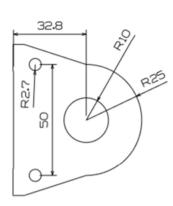
1:+15V 2:-15V 3: Cout 4: GND



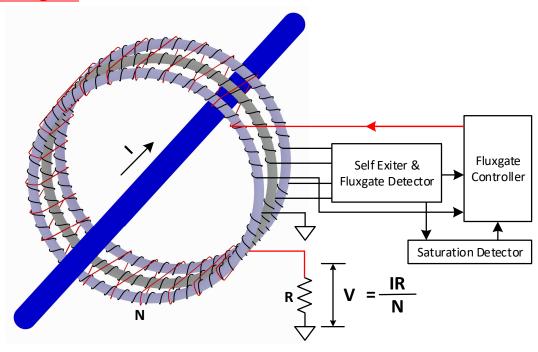




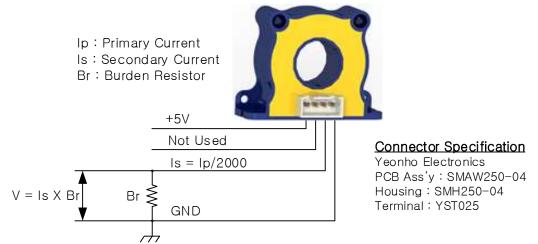




# **Block diagram**



### Installation



<sup>\*</sup> The positive direction of the current from the front to the rear of the head (the front of the contactor).

(Secondary\_Resistance + Measuring\_Resistance) x Max\_Secondary\_Current + 5V = 15V Measuring\_Resistance = (15 - 5) / Max\_Secondary\_Current - Secondary\_Resistance Therefore, Meauring\_Resistance =  $10/(350/2000) - 20 = 37 \Omega$ 

# **Caution**

Be careful not to operate under  $0.1\Omega$  burden resistor. The current sensor is damaged.